<b>O.P.</b>	Code:	16EC4	15
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# Reg. No:

### SIDDHARTH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY:: PUTTUR

(AUTONOMOUS)

### B.Tech III Year I Semester Supplementary Examinations August-2021 ANALOG COMMUNICATIONS

(Electronics and Communication Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

4

Max. Marks: 60

**6M** 

### (Answer all Five Units $5 \times 12 = 60$ Marks)

## UNIT-I

- 1 a Generate DSB-SC signal with the help of ring modulator using diodes, with a neat 6M sketch of waveforms.
  - b An AM transmitter radiates 9kW of power when the carrier is un-modulated and 6M 10.125kW of power when the carrier is sinusoidal modulated. Find the modulation index & Percentage modulation. Now if another sine wave corresponding to to 40% modulation is transmitted Simultaneously. Calculate total radiated power.

#### OR

- 2 a With the help of circuit diagram explain the operation of square-law diode modulator & 6M demodulator for AM.
  - **b** The total power content of AM signal is 1kW.Determine the power being transmitted at **6M** the carrier frequency and each of the sidebands when the %modulation is 100.

### UNIT-II

3	a	Explain the necessity of each block of indirect FM method.	6M
	b	Write short note on Pre-Emphasis and De-Emphasis circuits.	6M

### OR

- a Explain the functionality of each block of phase shift discriminator. 6M
  - b A 107.76MHz carrier signal is frequency modulated by a 7kHz sine wave. The resultant 6M
     FM signal has a frequency deviation of 50kHz. Determine carrier swing, highest & lowest frequencies of frequency modulated signal, and modulation index of FM wave.

### UNIT-III

- 5 a Explain effective noise temperature and noise figure.
  6M
  b If each stage has a gain of 10dB and noise figure of 10dB. Calculate the overall noise figure of a two-stage cascaded amplifier.
  6M
  6M
- **6 a** What is meant by narrow band noise and explain time domain representation of narrow-**6M** band noise.
  - **b** A radio receiver with 10KHz bandwidth has a noise figure of 30dB. Determine the **6M** signal power required at the input of receiver to achieve input SNR at 30dB.

### UNIT-IV

7	a	Sketch the spectrum of sampled signal at (i) fs=2fm; (ii) fs>2fm and (iii) fs<2fm	6M
	b	Explain the frequency spectrum of Flat Top PAM signal.	6M

### OR

- **8 a** State and prove sampling theorem.
  - **b** What sampling rate and sampling interval would be appropriate for a television video **6M** channel with a maximum bandwidth of 4 MHz?

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# UNIT-V

- 9 a With a neat sketch explain Quadrature amplitude modulation technique.
  - **b** A Discrete source emits one of 5 symbols once every millisecond. The symbol **6M** Probabilities are 1/2, 1/4, 1/8, 1/16 and 1/16. Find entropy and information rate?

**R16** 

**6M** 

**6M** 

#### OR

- 10 a Describe the disadvantage of Super-heterodyne AM receiver
  - b A voice grade telephone channel has a bandwidth of 3400Hz.If the signal to noise ratio 6M on the channel is 30dB; determine the capacity of the channel. If the above channel is to be used to transmit 4.8kbps of data determine minimum SNR required on the channel.

#### \*\*\* END \*\*\*